mont Railway. Also, against the special deposit with the Minister of Finance of \$39,847,699, were temporary loans of \$32,601,600 not included as long term debt shown in Tables 22 and 23.

24.—Assets of the Canadian National Railways System, Dec. 31, 1923 and 1929.

Account No.	Account.	Dec. 31, 1923.	Dec. 31, 1929.	Increase (+) or Decrease (-).
	Investments—			\$
80.		1 010 000 108	9 090 000 400	+ 227,490,307
70 L	Investment in road and equipment	1,010,200,120	4,000,080,400	421,290,301
702	Improvements on leased railway property	4,625,329		
703	Sinking funds	11,637,252	17,061,995	+ 5,424,743
704	Deposits in lieu of mortgaged property sold	391,730	5,073,405	+ 4.681,675
705	Miscellaneous physical property	38,692,890	53,816,942	+ 15, 124, 052
706	Investments in affiliated companies	28,397,922	46 241 160	+ 17,843,238
707	Other investments	4,754,338	5,348,073	+ 593,735
107	Other investments	4,492,900	v ,eto,ute	T 090,100
	Totals	1,899,407,587	2,168,647,491	+ 269,239,904
	CUBRENT Assets—			
708	Cash	20,498,997	18,233,300	- 2,265,697
	Cash		18,233,600	- 2,200,097
711	Special deposits	7,860,845	7,833,251	- 27,594
	Special deposits, Minister of Finance	- 1	39,847,699	+ 39,847,699
712	Loans and bills receivable	44,868	. –	- 44.868
713	Traffic and car service balances receivable	2,974,797	1,574,980	- 1.399.816
714	Net balances receivable from agents and con-		-,,	-,,
	ductors	5,575,839	6,211,400	+ 635,561
715	Miscellaneous accounts receivable	11,339,706		
119			10,001,100	- 1,201,890
	Dominion Government, operating deficit on			
	Eastern Lines	l	883,643	
716	Materials and supplies	53,772,174	42,582,882	- 11,189,292
717	Materials and supplies Interest and dividends receivable	409.185	1,230,074	+ 820.889
718	Rents receivable	288,448	130.670	- 157.779
719	Other current assets			
	Tetals	102,851,961	129, 351, 350	+ 26,499,389
	Deferred Assets—		ĺ	
720	Working fund advances.	478,346	336,967	- 141.379
721	Insurance and other funds	5,708,442	10.480.455	
722	Other deferred assets			+ 3,228,522
142	Other deferred assets	0,491,040	8,120,001	T 3,240,024
	Tetals	12,683,833	20,542,989	+ 7,859,156
	UNADJUSTED DEBITS-	·		
723	Rents and insurance premiums paid in advance	50.851	287.059	+ 236,208
	were and insurance bremining baid in advance			
724	Discount on capital stock	193,500	189,710	+ 3,790
725	Discount on funded debt	2,272,093	11,087,025	+ 8,814,932
727	Other unadjusted debits	6,399,226	3,773,295	- 2,625,930
	Totals	8,915,670	15,337,689	+ 6,421,420
	Grand Totals	2,023,859,050	2,333,878,919	+ 310,019,869

In 1926 the Hudson Bay Railway, with a ledger value of \$14,944,870, was transferred to the Department of Railways and Canals and in 1928 Canadian Government Railways property, with a ledger value of \$13,477,505, was transferred to the Hatifax and Saint John Harbour Commissions; consequently the gross increase was \$28,422,375 greater, or \$255,912,661.

PART III.—ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.1

The cheap and reasonably rapid conveyance of human beings is a necessity of modern urban life and is supplied throughout Canada by the electric street railway, generally operated by hydro-electric energy which is so important a feature of Canadian economic life.

Historical.—Replacing the horse car systems, used in Montreal and Toronto as early as 1861, electric street railways were first seen in operation in Canada in 1885, when a successful experimental railway was constructed and operated at the Toronto Exhibition grounds. Before many years their safety and convenience

¹ Revised and checked by G. S. Wrong, B.Sc., Chief of the Transportation and Public Utilities Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, This Branch publishes an annual report on Electric Railways in Canada.